## **EXPERT PANELISTS SO FAR**

Session 1: Status of the Golden Dome



**Dr. Jessica West**Project Ploughshares



Session 2: Technical feasibility considerations for the Golden Dome



**Dr. Laura Grego**Union of Concerned Scientists



**Todd Harrison**American Enterprise Institute



**Dr. Cameron Tracy**UC Berkeley



#### **SKETCHES OF A CONCEPT**

- **Goal, money, timeline:** Nearly 100% effective against all threats, \$175B total cost, completed in three years
- Casting a wide net: defence of the US against ballistic, hypersonic, advanced cruise missiles and other next-generation aerial attacks
- Space component: orbital assets are expected to play a prominent role in the Golden Dome architecture, including through the development of space-based boost phase interceptors
- Uncertainty: no public description of the system's architecture
- **Private sector engagement:** companies are playing a key role in influencing the design of the system architecture

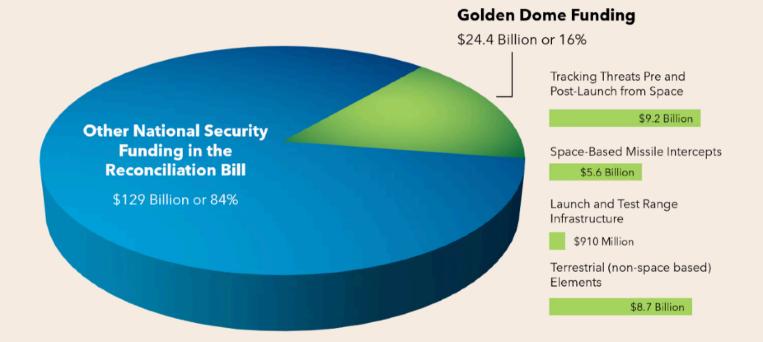
## THE COST OF GOLDEN DOMES



■FY26-30 ■FY31-35 ■FY36-40 ■FY41-45 • Total

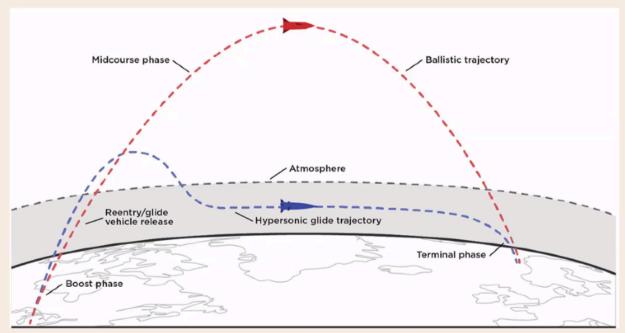
Graph courtesy of Todd Harrison, American Enterprise Institute (2025)

### **BUDGET FY2026**



Graph courtesy of Sam Wilson, Aerospace Corporation (2025)

# BALLISTIC AND HYPERSONIC PHASES OF LAUNCH



Cameron Tracy, Union of the Concerned Scientists (2021)

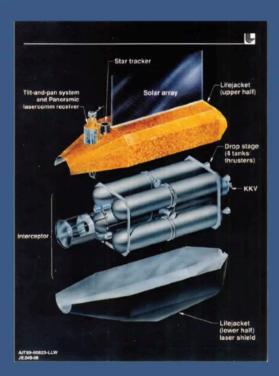
## MIDCOURSE MISSILE DEFENSE

- Timeline for defence is around **30-35 minutes**
- Defence can be primarily placed in the defended area
- Must deal with multiple re-entry vehicles, launch debris and countermeasures
- Informed by space-based infrared and ground-based tracking and discrimination radars
- The **main issue** for midcourse defence is the difficulty of managing **countermeasures** (e.g. decoys, chaff, jammers)



### **BOOST PHASE MISSILE DEFENSE**

- Timeline for interception is around 2-4 minutes, minimising decision-making time
- Practical range limit reduced to standoff distances, making space-based interceptors often necessary
- Can be countered by ASATs or by overwhelming the system with numbers
- To defend against a salvo of 10 solid-propellant ICBMs launched by North Korea the system would need 40,000 SBIs, assuming only one SBI per ICBM,
- The construction and launch cost of that system could be around \$1 trillion



### **HYPERSONIC MISSILE DEFENSE**

- Focus on hypersonic glide missiles, which are missiles that follow a ballistic trajectory equipped with gliders capable of an atmospheric glide
- During their boost and ballistic phase, defence is identical to ballistic missile midcourse and boost phase defence
- Glide-phase defence requires new seeker designs, but it is not impossible
- Terminal phase defence is easier than ballistic missile intercepts due of slower movement
- Orbital sensors will go beyond traditional infrared



# A FEW PENDING QUESTIONS

- To what extent will the initiative have bi-partisan support?
- What will the role of orbital SAR, optical and RF sensing be in the future possible architecture?
- What would success truly mean for the Golden Dome?
- How will the Golden Dome be perceived by other nuclear powers?
- What should non-nuclear weapon states do about this?

